

THE DAILY NEWS.
ONE A UZZELL, - PROPRIETOR.
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
Over W. C. Stronach's Store.
CASH-INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.
THE DAILY NEWS will be delivered to
subscribers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week,
payable to the carrier weekly. Mailed at
\$7 per annum; \$2.50 for six months; \$2 for
three months.
THE WEEKLY NEWS at \$2 per annum.

MORNING EDITION.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

FROM THE METROPOLIS.

A Large Meeting of German Sympathizers with Cuba.-Believers in Cuba, etc. Etc.
NEW YORK, Nov. 22.-Four thousand Germans, at Germania Hall last night, expressed sympathy with Cuba, and are in favor of a vigorous policy towards Spain.

A Georgian, named Thomas Henderson, was robbed of six hundred dollars and valuable documents in a street car.

The following are the resolutions adopted at the German-Cuban meeting last night, which is intended to be laid before Congress at the opening of the session:

"WHEREAS, The people of Cuba are not only in the same, but in a much worse position than the people of the United States were at the time of the declaration of their independence, the Spanish Government, the perpetration of the most terrible cruelties and outrageous deeds of violence toward the inhabitants of the Island of Cuba in defiance of humanity and civilization; and

"WHEREAS, These barbarians who, it appears, are independent of the Spanish Government, trample alike upon laws and usages of humanity and civilization, insult our flag on the open sea and incarcerate and murder our citizens; therefore, be it,

Resolved, That we ask the Government and Congress of the United States, in the name of the people of the United States, to demand of the Spanish Government in Madrid, as well as of the acting authorities of Cuba, full satisfaction for the insult to our flag and cruelties committed by Cuban volunteers, and to enforce these demands with all means in their power.

THE WAR SPECK.

The War and Navy Departments Recently Engaged in Preparation.-Both Departments Ready for Any Emergency.-The Interview Between Castellar and Sickles.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.-It seems to be generally expected that negotiations have been quietly going on under the direction of the Secretary of War. Placing our armaments in a condition to supply the wants of an army in the field in case of war, and looking to the condition of the armament of our fortifications for the successful defense of our harbors against a hostile attack by iron clads. The ordnance department of the army is at this moment in most active preparation for a state of war, and is ready to supply the wants of the entire equipment of war material, including the most approved breech-loading arms and field and siege batteries of artillery, with every kind of ammunition.

The telegraph has been vigorously used, urging forward every preparation to the extent of ordnance appropriations, and ordnance officers are fully alive to the gravity of the occasion and to the necessity of ample preparation to meet all demands should war be the result of our present complication. While from the nature of the case, the navy had to take the active initiative, the war left is fully up to the crisis in quiet preparation for the future.

LONDON, Nov. 22.-Specials agree that the recent interviews between Castellar and Sickles was stormy. Sickles barely escaped mobbing.

SPANISH NEWS.

The Papers of Havana-General Sickles Suspends His Preparation to Leave Madrid.

HAVANA, Nov. 22.-The *Declaro* says: "We don't consider it within the bounds of justice or reason that war should result from the capture of the Virginian, but if the conflict comes, let us imitate the examples of our ancestors and make the Spanish race in Cuba the admiration of American hemisphere."

The *Voz de Cuba* believes in the diplomatic settlement, but praises the activity in preparing to fight.

MADRID, Nov. 22.-Under the arrangements of the British Ministry, Gen. Sickles stopped the preparations he was making to leave Madrid.

Cuba Meeting in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 22.-An enthusiastic mass meeting of the friends of Cuba has been held. The resolutions express admiration at the devotion and sacrifices of the Cubans during the five years' contest. The Virginian tragedy was denounced as utterly outrageous. The Monroe doctrine is reasserted, with pledges of support and condolence offered to the families of the victims of the recent butchery.

A synopsis of the annual report of the Pennsylvania Iron and Steel Association has been published. Prices have declined on account of the panic, and the iron-masters clamor for their customary protection, and would have the duties increased on the imported material. This is a premonition of a lobby this winter, in behalf of the Pennsylvania iron interests, at Washington.

The late Captain Fry, of the Virginian, leaves a widow and seven children-the oldest a cripple-in New Orleans, in destitute circumstances. A subscription is being taken up in their behalf by prominent citizens of Mobile.

Alexander McDonald was accidentally shot and killed by the careless handling of a gun in the hands of A. J. Coffman, Esq., on Thursday last at Norfolk, Va. A coroner's jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts.

The President, says the Boston Post, will get his dander up as soon as his Havanas stop coming.

THE BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

CHICAGO, Nov. 22.-Garnier takes the first prize, Ubbay the second, C. Dion the third, Daly the fourth and J. Dion the fifth.

VOL. III.

RALEIGH, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 23, 1873.

NO. 72.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

FROM NEW YORK.

Bank Statement.-Tweed Sentenced to Twelve Years' Imprisonment.-Steam Tug Sunk.-Jay Cooke & Co.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.-The bank statement shows a decrease in loans of \$505,900; specie increase, \$383,300; legal tender increase, \$4,804,200; deposit increase, \$8,122,400; circulation decrease, \$57,900. The above is the first bank statement issued since the panic.

Tweed was brought into the Court of Oyer and Tenor this morning for sentence, an immense crowd filling the corridors and room. Tweed's counsel argued the motion for a stay of judgment.

The steam tug James Cook sunk off the highlands. Captain Dickens, a fireman and a foreman, were carried to sea and are unheard of. Others were saved.

The Powhattan has sailed for Key West with the Manhattan in convoy. LATER.-Tweed has been sentenced to twelve years in the county prison and \$12,000 fine.

Judge Blatchford postponed the order citing Jay Cooke & Co. to show cause why they should not be declared involuntary bankrupts. Postponed for two weeks.

John Bull and the Cuban Butchery.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.-From a correspondence from El Cronista, it appears that after the British Vice Consul found his efforts to secure the postponement of the shooting of the persons claiming British citizenship in vain, the British Commodore at Jamaica took the matter in hand and telegraphed the following to the Governor at Santiago de Cuba:

"In the interests of friendly relations between our respective Governments, I beg you to delay the execution of the alleged British subjects until Captain Niobe can communicate with you."

Burriel replied: "I do not possess the authority to accede to the petition you send me, the law must be fulfilled; consequently the men claiming British citizenship must be executed."

Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.-For the South Atlantic States, northerly winds, at all hours, night and day.

A Prairie on Fire.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 22.-A prairie on fire in Kansas burned the town of Olivet. Much property was destroyed.

Hotel prices in New York have not come down in spite of the falling off in travel. The Windsor, new and elaborately furnished, the Fifth Avenue, the Clarendon, all still charge not less than five dollars per day. The Broadway hotels are somewhat lower. So say the New York papers. This is the minimum rate for single gentlemen. There are numerous "extras" which may swell the charges to ten dollars a day; and a single gentleman, occupying a bedroom, parlor and bathroom, will be charged at least that for his accommodation alone. The proportion of servants to guests at the larger hotels is enormous. The New York, the St. Nicholas, the Fifth Avenue and others employ about four hundred domestics and waiters. Their average of guests is very nearly the same, showing that it is necessary for such establishments to keep their money worth the charges. At ordinary times, of the former, the head cook and head waiter are the most important. The wages of the cook are not less than from two thousand a year; and the head waiter receives about the same, in addition to "tips."

The decoration of the graves in the cemeteries of France has just taken place on All Saints' Day. Every year the crowds at this *jour des morts* is said to grow denser. All business is stopped, and the shops are closed. On the day mentioned above, the weather was very inclement and the receipts were light and the demand was weak; low middlings were held at 13. The same condition characterized the market on Tuesday, and quotations remained at the same figure. On Wednesday the receipts were large and the price was better.

On Thursday cotton came in freely, but the market did not improve in point of price, over that of the day before.

On Friday the feeling was considered very good, though no improvement took place in quotations.

On yesterday (Saturday) a decided change for the better took place, the demand was strong, receipts large, and the market went as high as 13 1/2, and closed at 13 1/4. A better feeling prevailed in the market than has been experienced for several weeks.

OUR CHURCHES TO-DAY.-Divine services will be held at the following churches to-day (Sunday): Strangers and others in the city are earnestly and cordially invited to attend. Gentlemen and ladies are invited to conduct visitors to pews which are always free.

Edenton Street Methodist Church, Edenton street, Rev. A. W. Mangum, officiating. Services at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m.

Baptist Church, corner Salisbury and Edenton streets. Rev. T. H. Pritchard, D. D., officiating. Services at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m.

Presbyterian Church, corner Salisbury and Morgan streets. Rev. J. M. Atkinson officiating. Services at 11 o'clock a. m. and 3:30 o'clock p. m.

Christ's (Episcopal) Church, Wilmington street. Rev. R. S. Mason officiating. Services at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m.

Person St. Methodist Church, Rev. J. A. Trimmer officiating. Services at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m.

St. John's (Catholic) Church, corner Morgan and Wilmington streets, Father Mc Namara, officiating. Mass at 10 a. m.

St. Augustine (col.) Episcopal, corner of Lane and Dwyer streets, Rev. John Smedes officiating. Services at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

The pastors of the different churches will please notify us on Saturdays of any changes that may occur in their pulpits.

LOCAL MATTER.

E. O. WOODSON, City Editor.

Notices Inserted Under the "Special City Items" head for 15 cents per line for first insertion, and 10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Contractors will not be allowed, under their contracts, to advertise any other than their legitimate business, unless by paying specially for such advertisements.

SPECIAL CITY ITEMS.

WANTED.-8 or 10 good House Painters. Apply at H. T. CLAWSON'S, 101-1/2 1st door above Nat. Bank.

100 CORDS OF WOOD, 500 bushels oats, 200 bales of Hay, natural cultivated and other produce at Ogburn's Grain and Feed Store, 101-1/2 St.

For the best Wines and Liquors in the city, go to the National Hotel Bar. Clifton attends in person to the wants of his customers, and he will not allow any one to go away dissatisfied. nov 20-1/2

JUST ARRIVED.-The original Jimp, from Yamakura, can be found at Nelson's Saloon, under the basement of the Market House, at all hours, night and day. oct 28-1/2

SPECIAL TERM IN HALIFAX.-The Governor has ordered a Special term for the trial of civil causes only, to be held for Halifax county, commencing December 28th, and to continue two weeks unless business is sooner disposed of. Judge W. A. Moore is to preside.

EDENTON ST. METHODIST CHURCH. At 10 o'clock to-day the pulpit of this church will be occupied by Rev. Mr. Russell of the M. E. Church and Grand Lecturer of the I. O. G. T.

At 7 o'clock p. m., services will be held in the same church by Benjamin Fulgum of the Society of Friends.

MEETING OF CUBAN SYMPATHIZERS.-A meeting of the Cuban sympathizers of this city is called to meet at the Court House on Wednesday night. What the meeting proposes to do, we are unadvised, but suppose it is called for the purpose of offering the "last man and the last dollar." In the meantime, our company of Home Guards is being duly organized. No more chaplains need apply; the full quota has already been reported and been regularly signed.

TEA MEETING.-The "little church around the corner," Person Street Methodist, of which the Rev. J. A. Trimmer is pastor, will hold a "Tea Meeting" at Oak City Hall, on Friday evening next. "Tea" Meetings are introduced into this country by our English citizens, and are said to be pleasant and agreeable, as well as profitable.

The "little church around the corner" is certainly deserving of a liberal support by our citizens, and we would be pleased to see the efforts of this congregation rewarded with the success they deserve.

THE ATTEMPTED INFANTICIDE CASE.-Owing to the extremely critical condition of the woman, Patsy Richardson, the attempted infanticide case, an account of which was published in our local columns yesterday, could not be heard before his Honor, the Mayor.

The child is yet living and strange to say "doing well." It is with its mother, who nurses it quite affectionately, and judging from appearances no one would ever suspect that she could have been guilty of such a fiendish act.

We suppose now that the mother can only be indicted for assault and battery with intent to kill, though if she had her deserts she would hang as high as Haman.

REVIEW OF THE COTTON FOR THE PAST WEEK.-The cotton market for the past week closed yesterday afternoon in a much improved condition than the previous day. Monday gave promise. On the day mentioned above, the weather was very inclement and the receipts were light and the demand was weak; low middlings were held at 13. The same condition characterized the market on Tuesday, and quotations remained at the same figure. On Wednesday the receipts were large and the price was better.

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LEGISLATURE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

SENATE.

SIXTH DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

AT 12 O'CLOCK, LIEUT. GOVERNOR IN THE CHAIR.

Minutes of yesterday read and approved.

Motions and Resolutions.

By Mr. Cramer: A resolution requiring the appointment of a committee of two to wait on the Attorney General and request his written or verbal opinion as to whether the notice on the State Treasurer in the case of Self and others, is a restraining order. Adopted.

Messrs. Cramer and Ellis were appointed said committee.

On motion of Mr. Ellis of Columbus, it was ordered that a sufficient number of copies of the proceedings of the Executive Session of the last General Assembly be printed for the use of members, and that the same be printed and bound with the Journal of this session.

Leaves of Absence Granted.

Mr. Davis of Franklin was granted leave of absence till Monday next.

Mr. McCabe of Edgecombe, was granted leave of absence for three days from Monday morning.

Messrs. Ransom and Johnson were reported as being detained in their room on account of sickness.

Special Order.

The consideration of Mr. Merrimon's bill in regard to the Public Treasurer (which was given in full in our yesterday's issue) being the special order for 12 o'clock, it was taken up.

Mr. Norwood offered a resolution as a substitute for the bill, which was in substance, to strike out after the enacting clause that the bill should read: In the judgment of the General Assembly there is no injunction on the Public Treasurer, and this body will sustain him in the payment of warrants upon the Treasury, &c.

Mr. Merrimon took the floor, saying he did not wish to consume the time of the Senate, but desired to show that the preamble contained two facts, one of which being, there was no injunction on the State Treasurer. The Speaker argued for the passage of the bill as it was, calling the attention of the Senate to the importance of immediate action on the matter. He said the bill not only imposed a penalty on the State Treasurer for a violation of his duty but also protected him from what he supposed to be a violation of the Federal Constitution.

Mr. Norwood followed in opposition to the bill, and urged the milder plan of disposing of the matter as set forth in his resolution.

Mr. Dunham opposed the position of Mr. Norwood, and argued at some length the importance and necessity of the bill.

Mr. Morehead of Guilford, advocated the bill, and called the attention of the Senate to several important legal points bearing upon the bill heretofore not discussed.

Harris, (col.) of Wake, thought that there seemed to be some difference of opinion with legal minds as to the bill, he would move the reference of the whole matter to the Injunction Committee.

Mr. Murphy, before voting on the bill, desired information on certain points which he thought established, and it is well enough for us to set the example at once. Mr. Flemming advocated the passage of his amendment as a substitute for the bill.

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for an injunction on Wednesday of the Circuit Court to be held at Raleigh, provided a copy of this order be served on the defendant within six days from the date of the order. This was simply an order that he would hear and consider the application for an injunction on the 31st day of the month, provided the notice was given, and at that time grant the injunction, or at that time refuse the injunction.

He certainly did not grant the writ of injunction at the time he made the foregoing order. Nor could he have done so, because no notice had been given to the defendant; and further, the idea of an injunction is excluded by fixing the day when he would decide to grant or deny the writ.

If the complainant, Alfred Self, had desired a restraining order before the hearing of a motion for an injunction, it was competent for him to apply for it, and his Honor might, in a proper case, if there had appeared to be danger of irreparable injury from delay, have granted an order restraining the Public Treasurer until the decision upon the motion for an injunction. So easy was it for the complainant to have obtained such restraining order, that he could, in the discretion of the Judge upon proper cause, have had it without security. (See act of Congress approved June 1st, 1872, chap. 255, sec. 7, Statutes at Large, 2nd session of 42nd Congress.) Yet having a right upon a proper case to this order, he has not obtained such an order, but has been made that I am aware of. It may be urged that the prayer for a writ of injunction in the bill and the subpoena, together with the order setting the motion for an injunction for hearing on a certain day, operate as an injunction, or order of restraint. Not so.

If such restraint had been desired, the complainant had his remedy; his course was marked out by the statute. And when a party has a remedy plainly prescribed by law, that is the one he must take.

I am of opinion that the acts of Congress above alluded to are decisive of the question, and therefore it is not necessary to cite further authority to sustain this view.

My opinion is that these suits do not now constitute any legal impediment to prevent the Treasurer from paying out money from the Treasury on proper warrants from the Auditor.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,

Very truly yours,
T. L. HARGROVE,
Att'y Gen'l.

Mr. Flemming was of the opinion that now was the accepted time for the disposition of this bill. An important precedent was established, and it is well enough for us to set the example at once. Mr. Flemming advocated the passage of his amendment as a substitute for the bill.

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THE DAILY NEWS.

JORDAN STONE, Managing Editor.
SAM'L T. WILLIAMS, Political Editor.

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1873.

Cuba and the South.

Gen. GEO. E. PICKETT, Maj. General in the late Confederate army, offers, in case of a war with Spain, to raise one hundred and eighty thousand volunteers to take forcible occupation of Cuba.

It is said Gen. LONGSTREET is now raising ten thousand volunteers at New Orleans for the same purpose.

ADAMANT H. STEPHENS, the frail Georgian and pacific old statesman, raises his voice for war and cries "on to Cuba." He thinks a war with Spain will do much towards allaying the sectional prejudice between the North and the South.

On Thursday last, in the Senate of North Carolina, a series of resolutions were introduced by Major JOHN DUNHAM, Senator from Wilson, asking the Government of the United States to demand reparation for the outrage which has been offered to its flag and to accede belligerent rights to the Cuban patriots. Major DUNHAM is a disabled Confederate officer and a Democrat.

The Richmond Enquirer calls for a Cuban meeting in Richmond, and in doing so, says that "people of the South feel that the flag of the country has been insulted—that the laws of civilization and humanity have been outraged, and that the interests as well as the honor of this Government demand prompt and positive action on the part of Congress."

The Public Printing.

The Proprietors of the RALEIGH NEWS, to whom the contract for the Public Printing was awarded at the last session of the Legislature, have deemed it unnecessary to pay much attention to the charges that have been constantly made against them from a certain quarter, from the day they became State Printers until the present time. Occasionally, duty to ourselves, to our friends, and to the party to which we belong has impelled us to make a positive answer to specific charges, but in doing so we have been careful not to make any attack upon individuals—contenting ourselves with a positive and explicit denial, in such language as we thought the occasion demanded at our hands.

We are averse to newspaper quarrels, especially with papers professing the same political faith with ourselves. If there are matters of political grievance among Conservatives, they should be settled by the party in caucus, and such settlement should be abided by in good faith by all concerned. We think it bad policy, as well as bad taste, for Conservative newspapers to keep up a constant wrangling and strife in their columns. Such a course is calculated to destroy the harmony and good feeling so necessary to party organization, and while it may delight our political opponents, it must necessarily disgust and annoy our political friends.

We have frequently stated that the RALEIGH NEWS owed allegiance to no man, no set of men, to no clique, ring, faction or corporation.

We bow to the will of the Conservative party alone. We do not look beyond its principles or the decisions of its conventions and caucuses. Our paper was not established to advocate the claims or promote the interests of any individual or individuals, corporation or corporations.

We profess to have in view the interests and harmony of the Conservative party—and so long as we have any party, and so long as that party has any organization, we intend to adhere to that party and to stand by that organization. This is the policy which has distinguished our paper since its establishment—this is the policy we shall carry out in the future.

So far as the Public Printing is concerned, it is right and proper that the matter shall be left to the decision of the Conservative caucus, and whatever may be that decision, will be cheerfully accepted by us. We may add that we would not accept the Public Printing against the wishes of a majority of the Conservative party. The Committee of Conservatives who made the contract with us last winter believed that they were expressing the voice of the party in the Legislature. They made the award after consultation with many of the leading members of our party in both Houses. Whatever may have been their personal preferences in the matter, they would not have given the News the printing had they not felt well assured that their action was in accordance with the wishes of the party.

On the 26th of January, 1873, we made a calm, dispassionate, unbiased statement of all the circumstances connected with the award of the Public Printing to the News. In that article we used the following language:

"Not in anger nor in passion, but in duty to ourselves, to the Committee on Printing and to the Conservative party, we affirm that any insinuations that the Proprietors or Editors of the News are in any manner connected with the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, the Swenson Ring or any other Ring, are absolutely untrue in fact, and have their origin either in the imaginations or malice of those who make the assertion. There has never been at any time any just ground for such a charge, and we deny in the most emphatic manner that the RALEIGH NEWS has

ever been in any manner, shape or form, under the slightest pecuniary or other obligations to the Pennsylvania Central, or to GEORGE W. SWENSON, or to any other Ring, clique or combinations of individuals."

We reiterate to-day what we said last January on this subject, because the charges have been repeated, and our silence might be misconstrued.

Legal Aspects of the Self Suit.

The Legislature of 1868-69, while his Excellency Gov. CALDWELL was the presiding genius of the Senate of North Carolina, directed the issue of about twelve millions of bonds, known as Special Tax Bonds and levied a tax to pay for the interest on them.

Under this legislation four hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars were collected from the people to pay interest for the year 1869-70. Of this amount \$300,000 were paid out for that purpose, leaving a balance of \$285,000 in the Treasury. Because the bonds had been improperly issued, in January 1870 the Treasurer was directed to pay no more interest on them—and the acts authorizing their issue were repealed, and the Special Tax money on hand for other purposes.

Mr. Self claims that this subsequent legislation is void and that the Treasurer should appropriate money raised by the State for other objects to the purpose of replacing this fund, and he asks that the Treasurer should be enjoined from paying out any money until he restores this fund—and then that he be directed to pay the fund out as interest to him and the other holders of the special tax bonds.

On the filing of Self's Bill of complaint, the Judge ordered that notice be given to the Treasurer that he would hear the motion for an injunction on the 28th inst.

The question now exercising the Legislature and those having claims against the State Treasurer is—whether this notice amounts to a restraint on the Treasurer from paying out any money at all.

It is suggested that there is a rule of practice of the Federal Court giving to such a notice this power of restraint—but we apprehend that such a rule of practice, if there be such a rule, is in direct conflict with the Acts of Congress. The provisions of the Acts bearing on the subject are as follows: Act of March 2, 1873, section 5: "Nor shall a writ of injunction be granted in any case without reasonable notice to the adverse party or his attorney of the time and place of moving for the same," and Act of June 1, 1872, section 7: "That whenever notice is given of a motion for an injunction out of a Circuit or District Court of the United States, the Court or Judge thereof may, if there appear to be danger of irreparable injury from delay, grant an order restraining the Act sought to be enjoined until the decision upon the motion. Such order may be granted with or without security in the discretion of the Judge." In this case there was no such order granted. Had the Judge supposed any irreparable injury could arise he could have granted the order without requiring any bond from Mr. SELF. In the absence of this temporary restraining order, under the Act, we do not see how the Treasurer can consider himself restrained from paying out money on proper warrants to the members of the Assembly. He has only been informed that the motion for an injunction will be heard before Judge BOND and this notice is construed to be an injunction, notwithstanding the plain provisions of law above quoted.

The rule of practice, as we understand it, is that after an injunction is issued and the defendant knows that fact, whether the writ has been served or not, it is binding, and with such knowledge to disregard the injunction is a contempt of Court; but in this case no injunction has been issued or ordered.

We hope inasmuch as the Legislators are in need of funds that the Treasurer will proceed to do his duty under the laws of North Carolina, and not permit baseless apprehensions to work a wrong on those persons who have assembled here to serve the State.

With regard to the suit itself, it may not be amiss to add that while in these days of high Federal prerogative, no one may foretell what action a Circuit Court may take, or what position it may assume on Constitutional questions, yet, if precedent and authority are to govern Judge Bond's action, this suit can hardly stand in his court.

In the case of Chisolm against the State of Georgia in 1792, it was decided that a State was suable in the Supreme Court of the United States—while no one ever contended that a State was suable in a Circuit Court. Because of this decision, the Constitution of the United States was immediately amended in these terms: "The Judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States," &c. And in the case of the Governor vs. Madrazo, 1 Peters, p. 123, the Supreme Court of the United States decides "that where the officer representing the State is sued not by his name, but by the style of his office, and the claim made upon him is entirely in his official character, the State itself may be considered as a party to the record—and if a party to the record, the suit, if maintainable at all, must be brought in the Supreme Court." The Court adds: "The case made exhibits a demand

for money actually in the Treasury of the State mixed up with its general funds. The possession has been acquired by means which it was lawful to employ.

The claim upon the Governor is as Governor. He is sued not by his name, but by his title. The demand upon him is not made personally, but officially—the decree is not against the person, but the officer.

If the State is not a party there is no party against whom a decree can be made. No person in his natural capacity is brought before the court as defendant.

This is not being a proceeding against the thing, but against the person—a person capable of appearing as defendant, against whom a decree can be pronounced, must be a party to the cause before a decree can be regularly announced."

So we take it, on authority and precedent, Judge BOND will dismiss this suit. But if he does not, he will hardly grant the prayer of Mr. SELF. Mr. SELF asks that the money raised under the Revenue Act of 1872-73 shall be applied to pay back money taken by the State from the Special Tax Fund. Even if the same money ought to be replaced to the credit of that fund, which we deny, it is altogether impossible for the money raised under the Revenue Act to be so appropriated, for Judge BOND will not act in defiance of the Constitution of North Carolina; this much we can safely assume.

Now Art. 5, Sec. 8, of the Constitution reads: "Every Act of the General Assembly, levying a tax, shall state the special object to which it is to be applied, and it shall be applied to no other purpose."

And the Revenue Act, sec. 3, states "that the taxes hereinafter designated shall be applied to defray the expenses of the State Government and to pay appropriations for charitable and penal institutions." The money so raised can be applied to no other purpose.

Judge Bond will not order that the Constitution shall be violated in this respect, even at Mr. Self's instance. And again by sec. 3, art. 14. "No money shall be drawn from the Treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law."

Judge Bond will hardly undertake to make an appropriation of money raised by a special tax for the expenses of the State Government of North Carolina. This can only be done by the Legislature. And even the Legislature is powerless under the Constitution to apply this money to any other object than the expenses of the State Government.

For these reasons it is apparent that the relief prayed for cannot be granted—and the Court taking notice of this will probably dismiss the suit without any discussion of the validity of the Special Tax Bonds. So that question may not come before the Court at all.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEASONABLE

CLOTHING

OVER-COATS AND TALMAS

FOR MEN, YOUTHS AND BOYS

In all the newest styles at the lowest possible prices to meet the demand of the times, at

no 23-4f A. B. ANDREWS & CO.

JUST RECEIVED.

Another lot of CASHMERE VESTS, very stylish.

A very superior line of

FINE DRESS SHIRTS

Open in front and back. All styles of UNDER-WEAR.

A full line of Merino Shirts and drawers. All sizes.

no 23-4f R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

HATS!! HATS!! HATS!!

ALL THE NEW STYLES now open at

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,

Clothing & Gents' Furnishers,

Next door to Tucker Hall,

no 23-4f Raleigh, N. C.

BOOT AND SHOE DEALERS.

THE RALEIGH

BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.

C. D. HEARTT & CO.,

DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.

No. 13 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

We inform our customers and the public generally that we have on hand a large and complete stock of

Boots, Shoes and Hats.

The latest and most approved styles are being daily received. Ladies and gentlemen may rely upon being suited to quality and price. We solicit an examination of our large and varied stock, feeling assured that purchasers can be better suited at a house in which these articles are specialty than elsewhere.

Bear in mind that these articles are manufactured expressly for

C. D. HEARTT & CO.,

No. 13 Fayetteville Street,

oct 12-3m

GROCERS.

Geo. T. STRONACH, ALEX. B. STRONACH.

GEO. T. STRONACH & BRO.,

Market & Martin Sts.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

20 barrels N. C. Corn Whiskey,

20 1/2 " " " " "

30 barrels Rye Whiskey, all grades.

20 1/2 " " " " "

30 boxes Bacon.

100 barrels Flour, all grades.

25 " Sugar,

30 sacks Coffee,

20 barrels Mackerel.

25 kils

20 barrels Milled.

20 kegs Lard.

25 kegs

50 boxes Cheese, all grades.

100 boxes Candy.

10 bundles "

100 boxes Soap.

30 " Starch and Candles.

30 " Brandy and fresh Peaches.

30 " Soda and Lemon Crackers.

30 " Oysters and Pickles.

50 " Gall & Ax snuff.

Powder and Shot.

Musket, W. P. and G. D. Caps.

Horse and mule collars.

Buggy and wagon harness.

Saddles and saddle blankets.

Bridles and martingales.

Ragging and tins.

Every and anything kept in a general grocery, at panic prices.

GEO. T. STRONACH & BRO.

nov 12-1f

NEW AND SPLENDID STOCK

of Merchandise at

WYATT, GREEN & CO.,

No. 5, Market Exchange and

Martin Street.

Recently selected and bought in person in the Northern markets consisting of

Bagging and Ties, Cotton Yarn

Domestics, bleached and unbleached,

Calico, Flannels, Linseys, Tickings, Domestic

Plaids, Linsey cloth for Men and Boys wear, all prices.

Ready-made Clothing, well made and in the latest style. Suits from \$3 to \$30.

Hats and Caps of the latest style.

Shawls, Hosiery and general stock of notions.

Books, Shoes and Gaiters, nearly all warranted.

Sole and Upper Leather.

Horse and Mule Shoes and Hardware for Farmers general use.

Crockery Ware and Kerosene Lamps.

Tinware, made of very best material.

Bridles, Collars, Saddles, Trunks and Whips.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

We keep first-class goods such as

Flour.

Meal.

Bacon.

Lard.

Syrup.

Vinegar.

&c., &c., &c.

Also a line of Fancy Groceries.

We will pay special attention to consignments of Cotton and general country Produce, and endeavor to obtain the best prices the market will afford.

See 91f WYATT, GREEN & CO.

M. A. PARKER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Grocer, Cotton Factor

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 2, SOUTH SIDE MARKET SQUARE.

I have on hand a large and carefully selected stock of

Heavy and Fancy Groceries,

Dry Goods,

Ready-Made Clothing,

Notions,

Boots,

Hats,

Saddles,

Harness,

Leather,

&c., &c.,

Which I will sell as reasonably as they can be purchased anywhere.

Special attention given to consignments.

See 91f Call on me and examine my stock.

sept 25-d3m M. A. PARKER.

WE HAVE RECEIVED

Another Full Line of

STANDARD GRADES OF GROCERIES

Consisting of the following, viz:

Choice Northern Irish Potatoes,

" S. U. Irish Potatoes,

" N. C. Apples,

" N. C. Onions,

" North Carolina Role Butter,

" Cream Cheese,

" Currants,

" Fish's Mince Meat,

" Choice Coffee of all grades,

" Sugars of all grades,

" North Carolina Flour,

" Lot of Canned Hams and

" Breakfast Strips,

" Canned Peaches,

" Tomatoes,

" Sardines,

" Oysters,

" Borden's Condensed Milk,

" Cross & Blackwell's Pickles,

" Borden's Worcestershire Sauce

Cigars, Smoking & Chewing Tobacco.

Another shipment of GREEN & BLACK

TRAYS just received.

Families in want of supplies will please take notice that we are constantly receiving shipments of

WESTERN PRODUCE,

consisting of

Chickens,

Butter,

Onions,

Eggs,

Apples,

Flour,

Meal, &c.,

Which must, on arrival, be sold at lowest market rates.

nov 14-1f J. M. MONIE.

SECURITY LIFE INSURANCE & ANNUITY CO.,

OF NEW YORK.

ROBT L. CASE, PRESIDENT, THEO. R. WETMORE, VICE-PRESIDENT.

ISAAC H. ALLEN, SECRETARY.

ASSETS, 1st JANUARY, 1873. \$3,527,912 00

INCOME, 1,563,039 00

Absolute Security, Economical Management and Liberality to the Insured are Prominent Features of the Company.

This Company issues Life, Non-Forfeiture, in Ten Payments. Endowments and Annuity Policies on the most favorable terms.

Dividends are declared annually after the first year.

Premiums can be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All Policies are Non-Forfeiting after three annual premiums have been paid.

As this Company Places no Restrictions on Travel, Persons Insured are Released from the Annoyance of Permits.

LOCAL AGENT: MEDICAL EXAMINER:

WILLIAM H. HUTSON. R. B. HAYWOOD, M. D.

R. G. & O. P. HAY,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR NORTH CAROLINA,

RALEIGH, N. C.

cc 26-1f

DRY GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED.

A good assortment of Burt's Laced and Buttoned

SHOES AND GAITERS

for ladies. Single soled-calf fox

CONGRESS GAITERS

for gentlemen, at \$7.50. Doubled-soled calf fox

CONGRESS GAITERS,

Scotch bottom, for gentlemen, \$8. These goods are made to our own order, and we think the best in the market.

Burt's single and doubled-soled calf fox Congress Gaiters for gentlemen, at \$7.50 and \$8; Burt's single and doubled-soled calf boots, at \$10 and \$12.

All of the above goods are hand-made and we confidently recommend them to our customers.

A splendid stock of Balloon's

French Yoke Dress Skirts,

at \$25, \$27 and \$35 per dozen. We guarantee the latest style.

The Latest Style

SILK HATS.

at \$5.50, made for us and of superior quality.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Yadkin county is building a lunatic asylum.

Cuban affairs are exciting Wilmington.

The corn crop in Clay county is an average one.

Duck shooting has commenced in Currituck.

Buncombe county is to have a new Court-House.

A big revival is going on in Concord church, Iredell county.

The crop in Pasquotank is turning out better than was expected.

There was a slight sprinkle of snow in Wilmington on Thursday.

Wilmington shipped 518 bales of cotton to Liverpool on Thursday.

The Grangers of Wilson county have a celebration on the 4th prox.

Asheville now whiles the weary hours away by match game of 15 ball pool.

The papers of the State with great unanimity, join in the howl for war with Spain.

A Council of the Subordinate Granges will be held in Newbern on Thursday next.

William Overby, one of the oldest men of Surry county, recently died at the age of 117 years.

Four negro prisoners walked out of the Iredell county jail the other day without any trouble.

The temperance address of Rev. R. H. Whitaker at Snow Hill, last week, is spoken of as a very able effort.

Hon. C. R. Thomas, has been haranguing the people of Newbern in favor of social equality for the negroes.

Mr. E. Bevan, an old citizen of Wilmington, was run into the sea by a large dog, overturned and his arm broken.

A postoffice has been established at Greer's Depot on the Air-Line Railroad and Major J. W. Cunningham appointed P. M.

Platt D. Walker, of Richmond county, is spoken of in connection with the position of Solicitor of the Fifth Judicial District.

Rev. Alexander Martin, of Danville, Va., has been called to the pastorate of the First Presbyterian Church in Wilmington.

The turpentine distillery of E. F. Prevatt, seven miles of Lumberton, was destroyed by fire on Friday of last week. Incendiarism is suspected.

Hog Swamp Baptist church, six miles from Lumberton, was burned last week. Incendiarism is suspected. So says the *Robesonian*.

Rev. John Russell, of Michigan, P. G. W. C. of the L. O. G. T., lectured in Newbern on Thursday night. He produced a good impression.

It is said that Col. Douglass, U. S. Marshal for this State, borrowed several thousand dollars to meet the expenses of the recent Federal Court at Asheville.

The Executive Committee of the Cumberland Agricultural Association contemplate offering a valuable premium at the next Fair for the best farm of varied products.

Wilmington has a negro girl who makes it a business to attack children on the street and abuse and beat them. A stout cow-hide, well laid on, would effectually remedy the evil.

The "wild man" has put in an appearance in the neighborhood of Jefferson, Ashe county. The Statesville *American* learns this from that ubiquitous "reliable gentleman."

Dr. J. F. E. Hardy, of Asheville, has been presented with a beautiful walking cane made of a portion of the flagstaff in the Palace of Mexico and mounted with metal of guns captured in that city in 1847.

Says the *North Carolinian* (Elizabeth City) of the 19th inst.: "There being a vacancy in this Congressional District, the U. S. Military Academy at West Point, Hon. C. L. Cobb gives notice that a Committee will set at Edenton on the 30th of December for the purpose of examining applicants for the position."

Says the *Wilmington Star* of the 21st: "Stephen Lowery has been seen at Noss Neck two or three times during the present week, armed to the teeth. He is now swearing vengeance against two persons whom he accuses of too much intimacy with Rhody Lowery, the Queen of Seufftown. He says that Henry Berry Lowery is not dead, as some parties will find out to their sorrow some of these days."

Forty-six hands were suspended from the Gosport Navy Yard Thursday.

STATIONERY.

NORTH CAROLINA ALMANAC.

For 1874-75th Year.

NEW AND POPULAR BOOKS.

THE CUBAN DIFFICULTIES.

THE PARTICULARS OF THE CAPTURE OF THE VIRGINIA—THE PROTEST OF CAPTAIN FRY—THE SLAUGHTER OF THE PRISONERS.

A Kingston (Jamaica) dispatch, under date of the 10th inst., gives the full particulars of the capture of the Virginia and the murder of the prisoners, from which we make the following extracts:

Captain McArthur, of the British schooner Brilliant, which left Santiago on the evening of the 5th, reports that just before the Virginia was captured, he saw the firing of the powder magazine and blowing up the vessel.

execution of Ryan, Varona, Jesus del Sol and Pedro Cespedes, and gives the following account:

CAPT. McARTHUR'S ACCOUNT OF THE EXECUTIONS.

On the morning of the 5th they were removed to the place of execution, about a mile from the jail. The four victims were surrounded by a strong escort of Spanish soldiers. Varona and Ryan, calm and collected, marched amidst the yells and vociferations of the infuriated Spanish executioners, to the place of execution. Cespedes and Jesus del Sol were forced to kneel, in which position they were shot in the back.

The soldiers next directed Ryan and Varona to kneel in the same way, but they refused, and were seized and thrown down being handcuffed all the time. The two victims begged their tormentors to allow them to die standing, and, having offered further resistance, they were murdered standing. Ryan was not instantly killed.

Spain's officer then stepped forward and thrust his sword through Ryan's heart. Varona died easily. Then down came upon the still warm corpses the bloodthirsty mob, who severed the heads from the bodies, placed them on pikes, and marched with them through the city.

A PLEA FOR MERCY REFUSED.

Fifteen officers of the Spanish army who had been made prisoners on the battle-field by Varona, were present when he landed, and they went to the Governor of the city and begged that his life should be spared, since he had given them theirs. This was refused.

The foreign vessels in port at Santiago were prevented from leaving in order to prevent the circulation of the news. The Spaniards also took possession of the telegraphs, and would allow any person to communicate through them, even the foreign consuls.

A DEMAND FROM THE AMERICAN CONSUL.

The American Vice Consul, on hearing that Ryan was to be shot, waited on the Governor and demanded his release, but the Governor refused to listen on the ground that the Consul was not well informed in regard to the matter. The Spaniards informed the Consuls that they were acting on their own responsibility, and did not intend communicating with Madrid.

Among the Cuban captives were a son of Gen. Quesada, aged sixteen, and two other boys, twelve and fifteen years old. There were also twelve Spaniards on board the Virginia, two of whom were boys of fourteen years of age.

The declaration and protest of Capt. Joseph Fry before the United States vice consul, after being sentenced to death, was in substance as follows:

"That he was the master of the American steamer Virginia, which had all her papers in complete order, especially the register of the steamer, crew list and articles, passenger list, clearance from Kingston, as also dispatch from the steam-house, etc. Sailed on the 23d of October, 1873, with all his crew and about 108 passengers; after a few hours at Port Haytien for repairs; sailed from the port of Caiman, on the 30th day of October, 1873, while between the islands of Cuba and Jamaica, about 20 miles or more from Cuba, was chastened by a steamer, and overtaken and captured 18 miles north of Morant Point, east end of the island of Jamaica, about 10 miles off shore, the Spanish vessel previously firing several shots over the Virginia and compelling them to surrender. The steamer was then taken possession of by a boarding officer, who stated that he did so on his own authority, knowing her to be an American vessel and under the protection of the flag of the United States of America. The master, Joseph Fry, with the crew and passengers, were placed under guard, and all brought into the port of Santiago de Cuba on the 1st day of November.

"On the evening of the same day, after having delivered over all the papers belonging to the Virginia, he was refused permission to apply to his consul for aid and protection, and this was only granted him after being condemned to death with the major part of his crew, under no known public law or pretext; and, as Captain Fry was hurried to make his preparations for death, he could make no further statement, but declared that the foregoing is his true declaration, which he signed in jail at two o'clock on the 7th of November, 1873, two hours previous to his execution."

This protest was approved by several of the foreign consuls, with whom Mr. Schmidt, advised. But his Excellency, Governor Burriel, was highly incensed at the consul's action, and informed him he had demanded the revocation of his exequatur.

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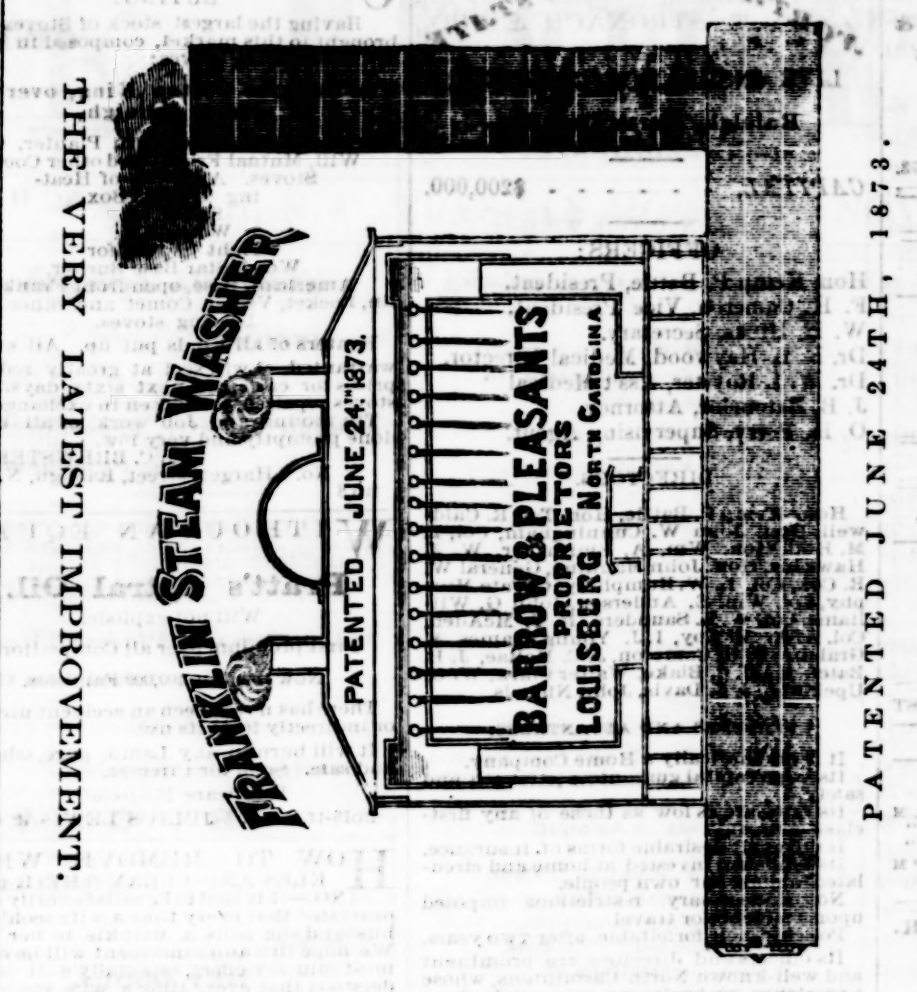
rather than fall into the hands of the Spaniards, but the captain persuaded Varona that, being under the American flag and in neutral waters, they would not dare to touch any man on board. Varona and his followers thereupon became satisfied, and shortly afterwards an officer of the Tornado boarded the Virginia and demanded her papers. After inspecting them he said they were correct, but he made all on board prisoners.

Varona replied that he was a prisoner of war because there was not an English or American man-of-war near to witness this.

He added that he could have blown up the vessel with all on board, but he had not done so since her papers were correct and she had not been seized in Cuban waters. The American flag was, he considered, her protection, and he surrendered under the protection of that flag, but believed he would be victimized because the Spanish Government all along hated him.

Captain McArthur witnessed the

\$100 GREATEST INVENTION OF THE AGE. \$100



THE VERY LATEST IMPROVEMENT.

Satisfaction Guaranteed in Every Instance.

OTHER MACHINES HAVE THEIR PECULIAR MERITS—THIS HAS NO DEFECT.

The Washing of a Family of Ordinary Size Easily Accomplished before Breakfast!

Have Never Known One That Failed to Give Satisfaction!

No other Machine can be sold after the "FRANKLIN" has been Tried.

From One to Two Thousand Dollars a Year Guaranteed to Working Men!

Every County Sold in Which it has been Introduced.

WE CHALLENGE THE WORLD TO COMPETE WITH IT!!!

The inventor of the "FRANKLIN STEAM WASHER" was owner of the right to manufacture the "Improved" Washer in certain territory. While manufacturing these machines, and watching attentively their action, and the manner in which they were used, he discovered certain prominent defects therein. He spent ten months in the study of the subject of finding remedies for these defects. He has at last succeeded, and the result of his investigation and study, he offers to the public the "FRANKLIN STEAM WASHER," which is by far the best Washing Machine ever patented. We claim as an evidence of its merit that "LETTERS PATENT" were granted over all others.

It will wash anything from a Lace Collar to a Bed Blanket. It will cleanse the clothing without tearing and more thoroughly than can possibly be done by hand labor or the use of the rubbing board. With one-fourth of the labor four times as much can be done in the same length of time as can be done by hand. We could publish columns of testimonials from those who have used it, but for the present we prefer the WASHER to speak for itself. We give a few below:

Messrs. BARROW & PLEASANTS, LOUISBURG, September 27th, 1873. GENTLEMEN:—Mrs. Davis has tried the "FRANKLIN STEAM WASHER" and in a short time she has washed all her clothes, and she is well pleased with it, and believes it to be all that you claim for it as a labor saving Machine. It does its work well and diminishes, by more than half, the labor of washing. She cheerfully recommends it.

Messrs. BARROW & PLEASANTS, LOUISBURG, September 10th, 1873. GENTLEMEN:—Before purchasing your Steam Washer, I paid four dollars per month for my family washing, now without any additional help, I have the washing done in half the time, and I have the ironing done. In this way I save \$2 per month, and my clothes are much better, and I am satisfied, will last much longer than when washed by rubbing of the use of a board. It is all that you recommend it to be. Very respectfully, Mrs. C. M. COOK.

Messrs. BARROW & PLEASANTS, LOUISBURG, September 11th, 1873. GENTLEMEN:—I have used your Steam Washer, and it proves a success. I take pleasure in recommending it to the public, and testify to its merit that you represent it to be. Very respectfully, Mrs. P. B. HAWK.

Messrs. BARROW & PLEASANTS, LOUISBURG, September 18th, 1873. GENTLEMEN:—I have been using your Franklin Steam Washer for some time and can safely say it is the best I ever saw. I cannot do without it. Mrs. A. W. WILSON.

Messrs. BARROW & PLEASANTS, LOUISBURG, September 18th, 1873. GENTLEMEN:—I have been using your "Franklin Steam Washer" for two weeks and produce it a great success. Mrs. H. H. GUNN.

Messrs. BARROW & PLEASANTS, LOUISBURG, August 14th, 1873. GENTLEMEN:—I take pleasure in recommending your "Steam Washer." I have used it myself to have been three times with regard to your "Steam Washer" for some time and I have been highly recommended to me; but the inconvenience of a large family of not being able to get a good washer, regularly induced me to get a very small one. I am gratified to pronounce it a perfect success. I used it according to directions, and did two washings in two hours, nor did I give the first stir. A better or more nicely washed clothes, I have never seen. It only needs a trial to convince me. Respectfully, Mrs. W. H. FOSMAN.

Messrs. BARROW & PLEASANTS, LOUISBURG, July 12th, 1873. GENTLEMEN:—Through the kindness of your agent, Mr. J. J. Person, I have tried your "Steam Washer," and find it by far the best I ever used. It certainly saves a great deal of hard labor and does not waste clothes. It is all that you recommend it to be. Respectfully, Mrs. D. B. CLIFTON.

Messrs. BARROW & PLEASANTS, LOUISBURG, June 30th, 1873. GENTLEMEN:—I take pleasure in testifying that I have used your "Steam Washer," with perfect success, and find it by far the most speedy and effectual mode of cleansing all kinds of fabric I have ever known. Very truly, Mrs. Dr. W. R. KING.

Messrs. BARROW & PLEASANTS, LOUISBURG, August 15th, 1873. GENTLEMEN:—My wife has been using the "Franklin Steam Washer" for some time and she, as well as the washer, is highly pleased with it. I am highly pleased with it. Very truly, ELLIS MALONE, M. D.

Messrs. BARROW & PLEASANTS, LOUISBURG, July 30th, 1873. GENTLEMEN:—I have used your "Steam Washer" and I am highly pleased with it. I have used it for some time and I have been highly recommended to me; but the inconvenience of a large family of not being able to get a good washer, regularly induced me to get a very small one. I am gratified to pronounce it a perfect success. I used it according to directions, and did two washings in two hours, nor did I give the first stir. A better or more nicely washed clothes, I have never seen. It only needs a trial to convince me. Respectfully, Mrs. S. E. COOK.

Messrs. BARROW & PLEASANTS, LOUISBURG, July 20th, 1873. GENTLEMEN:—I take pleasure in recommending your "Steam Washer." I have used it myself to have been three times with regard to your "Steam Washer" for some time and I have been highly recommended to me; but the inconvenience of a large family of not being able to get a good washer, regularly induced me to get a very small one. I am gratified to pronounce it a perfect success. I used it according to directions, and did two washings in two hours, nor did I give the first stir. A better or more nicely washed clothes, I have never seen. It only needs a trial to convince me. Respectfully, Mrs. T. C. HORTON.

Messrs. BARROW & PLEASANTS, WARREN COUNTY, Sept. 15th, 1873. GENTLEMEN:—I have been using the "Steam Washer" and find it an admirable success. It surpasses my expectations; it is all that you say for it. I am highly pleased. Yours truly, Mrs. T. A. PERSON.

Messrs. BARROW & PLEASANTS, FRANKLIN COUNTY, Sept. 3rd, 1873. GENTLEMEN:—I have used your Steam Washer with perfect success. I find it a great saving of the clothes, time and labor, and more than half the cost. Respectfully, Mrs. J. B. LITTLEJOHN.

Messrs. BARROW & PLEASANTS, SHADY GROVE, Warren County, Oct. 1st, 1873. GENTLEMEN:—I have tested the Franklin Steam Washer sold in this county by Mr. G. F. Littlejohn, and I am highly pleased with its success, and I recommend it to you. Yours with respect, Mrs. J. A. WILLIAMS.

OURSELVES AS OTHERS SEE US:

"We take pleasure in saying that the 'Franklin Steam Washer' is all that its proprietors claim it to be—a complete success. We hazard nothing in saying that nothing has ever been put upon the market so good, so perfect, so reliable, so economical, so easy to use, and so free from all the defects of the first one that does not give entire satisfaction. —Louisburg Courier.

"It is meeting with universal and unprecedented favor among domestic circles." —Rocky Mount Standard.

"Messrs. Barrow and Pleasants constitute one of the strongest and most reliable firms in Louisiana, and we heard and saw the 'Franklin Steam Washer' and the high character of the parties controlling it, we have no doubt but that it is all that they represent it to be." —Biblical Recorder.

"The patentees of the 'Franklin Steam Washer' a superiority over all others, and from the description we have had of its workings, we believe its claims are well founded." —Christian Advocate.

"We have known Messrs. Barrow and Pleasants from 'our youth up,' and know they would not recommend anything unworthy of patronage. They are leading merchants in Louisiana." —Adelphi Citizen.

"We have acquired by purchase of the Patent, Mr. S. W. Bartholomew, the sole right to manufacture and to sell the right to manufacture the 'Franklin Steam Washer' within the United States and lower Canada. We now offer the 'Franklin Steam Washer' to the American people with full confidence that it will do all that we claim for it, and in order to introduce it as rapidly as possible, we are offering great inducements to working men who want to make money; we will sell State or County rights on very reasonable terms; for instance, we will sell the right to a county with ten thousand inhabitants for one hundred dollars. Within twelve months, if properly managed, the person can sell from three to five hundred Washers, at a profit of five dollars each, and his right will be worth just as the expiration of that time as it was at first, from the fact that it has been introduced and will sell in almost every family.

FOR RENT.

TO RENT.

That valuable property located on the corner of Wilmington and Hargett streets, Raleigh, N. C., consisting of a

Hotel on the European Plan and Restaurant.

containing 23 large and beautifully fitted up rooms, also office, bar room, cemented basements and kitchen, with dumb waiter running through the several stories, and also a lot attached.

Everything is arranged on the modern and most approved style.

The building is just completed and suitably new.

This is a rare chance for business men, there being no opposition in Raleigh. Terms moderate and payments made to suit convenience of parties.

Apply to L. W. BARRINGER, or D. L. ROYSTER, Raleigh, N. C.

FOR SALE.

LAND FOR SALE.

A rare chance for investment.

One-half acre on Fayetteville St., opposite Hon. KE-P-BATTLE'S, fronting 105 feet on Fayetteville, and the same on Wilmington St., is now offered for sale. Terms one-fourth cash, and the balance in equal payments on one, two and three years with interest from date. Title good. Apply to E. W. POU.

WANTS.

SITUATION WANTED.

A gentleman of long experience desires a situation as BAK-KEEPER, Salt-factory or references given. Apply at the News Office. nov 30-18

WANTED.

A WET NURSE. Apply at the Clerk's office of the Yarrowborough House. nov 18-18

WANTED.

Twenty cords of tan-bark, delivered at Franklin on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad. Correspondence, W. H. HESTER, Louisville, N. C. sep 2-18

TEACHER WANTED.

The trustees of Vins Hill Academy wish to employ a teacher or the ensuing year. He must be competent to teach the Classical and English branches, and must employ an Assistant if needed.

There is a boarding house connected with the institution which will be rented out. Application must be made on or before the 1st of December next. Any information furnished in reply to this notice, will be appreciated. RICHARD H. SMITH, President.

Or W. FENNER, Secretary, 202-18 Scotland Neck, N. C.

NOTICES.

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

WALTER CLARK.

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Practices in the Supreme and Federal Courts. Collections made in any part of the State. mod-18

W. W. JONES, ARMYING JONES, JONES & JONES.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Practices in the Supreme Court of the State, the Circuit and District Courts of the United States and the several Courts of the 8th Judicial District.

Office on Fayetteville street opposite the Citizens' National Bank. mod-18

MEDICAL CARD.

Dr. James W. Alston, of Warren county, having removed to this city, respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens. His office for the present will be on the corner of Dawson and Lane streets, nearly opposite St. Andrew's Episcopal Church, where he may be always found when not professionally engaged.

All common cases left at Dr. Alston's Drug Store will receive prompt attention. sep 18-18

SIGN H. ROGERS.

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Office on Fayetteville Street, two half squares south of Yarrow House, Fayetteville street, in the Federal and State Courts. may 25-18

WALTER CLARK, J. M. MULLEN, CLARK & MULLEN.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

HALIFAX, N. C.

Practice in all the Courts of Halifax County, and in the Supreme Court of the State and in the Federal Courts.

Practices in all parts of North Carolina. sep 18-18

S. H. BUNY, SAM'L T. WILLIAMS, BUNN & WILLIAMS.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Business letters may be addressed either to Rocky Mount or Raleigh. sep 18-18

Claims collected in any part of the State.

Practices in the Supreme Court of the State and in the Federal Court at Raleigh. sep 18-18

NORFOLK.

W. J. BAKER, JNO. B. NEAL, W. M. B. SHEPARD.

BAKER, NEAL & SHEPARD.

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

General Commission Merchants.

Corner Water and Commerce Streets, Norfolk, Va.

AGENTS FOR

PATAPSCO GUANO COMPANY.

MAY 25-18

DISSOLUTION.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MOORE'S RURAL NEW.

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MOORE'S RURAL NEW.

MOORE

The whole number of new buildings in the burned district of Boston is three hundred and sixty-five about sixty per cent of the five hundred and fifty that covered it before the fire, and they cost about \$15,000,000, or a million and a half more than the value of their predecessors.

The Washington papers are warmly commending Senator Sprague's habit of setting half a million on each of his children at its birth. So do we. The custom is a beautiful one, and no family should be without it.

"Grand Display." "Brilliant Illumination." "Everything in a Blaze" are specimens of the headings to be found in the Virginia press, descriptive of the late Conservative victory in that State.

It has been determined in Liverpool that a committee of cotton brokers meet daily, and officially decide the number of bales sold, the tone of the market, and the quotations.

Few professions are more profitable than journalism. A Savannah reporter had drawn his first week's salary before his grandmother died and left him \$15,000.

It is thought that two at least of the locomotive works at Paterson, N. J., will resume operations, the workmen accepting a reduced scale of wages.

One remarkable feature of the next Wisconsin legislature will be the absence of a member who has held his seat for thirteen consecutive years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BULL FOR SALE.
That fine Baited Dutch Bull—the second premium in the late Gift Contest. Apply at this office.

ATTENTION!
Members of the Raleigh Lodge are hereby requested to meet at the office of the Raleigh National Bank, on Tuesday evening the 25th inst., for the purpose of visiting Mantle Lodge as a body.

SEATON GALE.
By order of the Lodge.

SPECIFIC MEDICINES.

Dr. GREEN'S FIT CURE!
The Great Remedy for Epilepsy.

COMPOUND EX. CORDIALIS.
The Great Vegetable Alternative.

MEDICATED HONEY!
A Sovereign Balm for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all diseases of the air-passages. Acts promptly, often after the fifth day from the first day's use, even where they have existed for years.

NEURALGIA SPECIFIC!
A prompt, positive and permanent relief for the excruciating pains of Neuralgia, Rheumatism and Sciatica.

TURNER'S ALMANAC
It is undoubtedly the best publication of the kind in the State. There is no other to compare with it in point of careful information and general adaptation to the wants of our people—Carolina Watchman, Salisbury.

TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC—This is one of the most complete almanacs ever published in North Carolina, and contains features that are never known—(Christian Advocate, Raleigh).

It is sold for 10 cents and is richly worth ten times the price. It is a new feature of the Almanac that will be popular in the State and in every corner. (Daily Journal, Wilmington).

It is a neat, well gotten up, useful, ornamental, humorous, practical, and scientific work, which ought to hang on a nail by the mantle piece of every body, and if our merchants are sharp as we think they ought to be, they will not hesitate to send for a supply for their customers. (Western Indicator, Newton).

The information in regard to the State and National Governments, their officers, and laws, is given in the price of the Almanac. (Charlotte Democrat).

It is carefully compiled by Rev. Dr. Charles of the University of Virginia, and contains an interesting reference book for the Farmer, Merchant and others that they will be benefited by its possession in the study of 10 cents a copy. (Times, Newbern).

For sale by Merchants and Post-ware throughout the State. Price, 10 cents copy.

30 CENTS
JAMES H. ENNIS,
Publisher, Raleigh.

Single copies 10 cents, per dozen 75 cents. Sent free by mail.

JUST RECEIVED.
GENTS' Dress Congress Gaiters.

"Double Sole"
"Boots"
"Dress"
Made to order and best in the city, at

C. D. HEARTY & CO'S.

LADIES AND MISSES SHOES

Great Variety.

LADIES' French Kid Boots.
Kid Fox
Goat
Serge

MISSES' Kid, Fox and Serge Boots and Balmorals.

CHILDREN'S Shoes of all kinds, at

C. D. HEARTY & CO'S.

GENTS' HATS OF

LATEST STYLES

BEST GENTS' SILK HAT

TRUNKS AND

TRAVELLING BAGS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

\$9,000. A RARE CHANCE.
Acting Force Pump. Two partners, \$4,500 each, and business wanted by J. L. KITCHEN. Patentee and manufacturer of the two best pumps in use.

RALEIGH, N. C.
Some territory for sale upon Royalty. Patterns furnished to start, small and large size family pumps, deep well and extra section pumps, railroad station, factory and ship pumps, to go by hand or power and satisfaction guaranteed. Has been tested in over 50 fires and saved over \$50,000 worth of property, taken the first premium at State Fairs for 3 years. Will give \$100 to be shown a pump with more general given is a guarantee of larger dividends than any business in the United States. These facts will be established if desired. Men with manufacturing ideas, business talent and money will negotiate at once. Send for price list. J. L. KITCHEN, no. 404

FOR THE CITY TRADE.
One hoghead extra fine Cuba molasses, no. 11 THOMPSON & WHITAKER.

ATTENTION FARMERS.
One case Buckle Plough Shoes, no. 11 THOMPSON & WHITAKER.

LEATHER! LEATHER!!
One hundred sides sole leather. One hundred sides harness and upper leather. no. 11 THOMPSON & WHITAKER.

W. B. HUTCHINGS & CO.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Saddles, Bridles Harness &c., &c.
Opposite Tucker Hall,
PAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

SMOKED BOILING BEEF
Dried Mullet Roast, Deviled Ham, Deviled Turkey, Deviled Tongue, Fresh Corn, Fresh Currants, Chicken Gumbo, Prime Cream Cheese, Preserved Ginger. oct 25-31 W. C. STRONACH.

W. C. STRONACH.
300 boxes Marshall's Salt, 200 boxes W. R. Paper, 125 boxes C. Flour, 25 boxes India Bagging, 25 boxes Fresh Mullet, at POOL & MORING'S.

JUST RECEIVED!!
LADIES' CLOAKS and ENGLISH WALKING JACKETS. Also, WATER-PROOF CLOAKS and REDINGTONS. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

BRANDY AND FRESH
Peaches, Pickles, Oyster, Candies, Cakes, Malt, Axes, Green, Concentrated. sept 11-17 G. T. STRONACH & BRO.

COAL AND WOOD.
I have now on hand a supply of "Red Ash," Egg and Nut coal. Also a quantity of Oak, Hickory and Pine Wood. W. C. STRONACH.

CANDLES.
50 boxes Candles, 25 boxes Cream Cheese, at POOL & MORING'S.

TURNIPS—GUANO! GUANO!
50 Sacks Patagonia Guano prepared for Turnips, this day arriving. THOMPSON, UPCHURCH & THOMAS.

50 BOXES SUGAR CAKES.
10 barrels Guano, sept 2-11 G. T. STRONACH & BRO.

50 BARRELS SYRUP AND
Molasses, 30 boxes Cheese, sept 11-17 G. T. STRONACH & BRO.

BAGGING! BAGGING!!
500 yds. 3/4 full weight Bagging, 500 yds. 1/2 full weight Bagging, arriving today at LEACH BROS.

LARD! LARD!! LARD!!!
50 Firkins Pure Lard, sept 11-17 LEACH BROS.

MAGNOLIA LIGHT DRAFT
GUNS, perfect casting, and guaranteed the best guns in use. June 17-dtf G. T. STRONACH & BRO.

CARPETINGS AND RUGS.
Largest stock ever offered. oct 5-11 W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

CARMER'S COMPOUND COUGH
The very best preparation for Coughs, Croup, Hoarseness, and Public Speakers. CARMER'S

CAMPHOR AND GLYCERINE
The best and cheapest preparation for chaps, etc. at CARMER'S Drug Store.

FINE TOILET GOODS.
Consisting of Toilets, Brushes, Pomades, Extracts, Cologne, Soaps, Tooth Brushes, Dentifrices, &c., &c. just received at CARMER'S Drug Store.

FINE WHISKY, RUMGIN,
French Brandy and Wine, just received at CARMER'S Drug Store.

A FINE LOT OF FRESH
Drugs, Chemicals and Patent Medicines, just received at CARMER'S Drug Store.

THE BEST BRANDS OF
Cigars in the city. CARMER'S DRUG STORE, No. 11 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

ONE HUNDRED GRATES.
ALL PATTERNS. oct 2-11 JULIUS LEWIS & CO.

LIME, LIME, LIME.
20 Barrels fresh Rockland Lime, Golden in color, today in prime order. WILLIAMSON, UPCHURCH & THOMAS, oct 15-17

OVEN BURSTER
Superior Family Flour, equal to the best at reduced price. Try it. R. F. JONES & CO.

10 BBL'S N. C. APPLES.
Choice lot. Just received at J. M. MONIE'S.

SCHOFIELD'S PATENT COTTON PRESSES.
The best in the city. Call and get a circular. sept 1-11 A. G. LEE & MCKINLEY.

CORN, CORN, CORN, CORN.
500 bushels just received. oct 5-11 R. F. JONES & CO.

A LARGE LOT OF CIGARS,
price to suit. Consignees. sept 1-11 A. G. LEE & MCKINLEY.

20 BBL'S NEW SNOW
Flake Family Flour, oct 2-11 LEACH BROS.

ONE MAGNOLIA 40 SAW COT-
TON PRESSES, oct 2-11 ALCOCK'S.

FRESH CANNED GOODS, PEACH
es, Tomatoes, Onions, Lobsters, &c. Salmon at MCKINLEY'S.

RAILROADS.

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE R. R.
Richmond & Danville, Richmond & Danville R. W., N. C. Division & North Western N. C. R. W.

CONDENSED TIME-TABLE:
In effect on and after Sunday, Oct. 12th, 1873.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS. MAIL. EXPRESS.
Leave Charlotte, 10:00 P. M. 8:15 A. M.
" Salisbury, 10:00 A. M. 10:21
" Greensboro, 3:30 12:45 P. M.
" Danville, 6:30 3:12
" Burkeville, 11:35 7:38
Arrive Richmond, 2:17 P. M. 10:17 P. M.

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS. MAIL. EXPRESS.
Leave Richmond, 1:28 P. M. 5:00 A. M.
" Salisbury, 9:18 12:48 P. M.
" Greensboro, 12:30 9:09
" Danville, 4:20 8:19
" Air-Line Station, 4:35 A. M. 8:15

GOING EAST.

STATIONS. MAIL. MAIL.
Leave Greensboro, 3:05 A. M. Arr. 12:20 P. M.
" R. R. Sta., 3:35 5:28
Arr. Goldsboro, 11:15 A. M. Leave 3:30 P. M.

GOING WEST.

STATIONS. MAIL. MAIL.
Leave Greensboro, 4:30 P. M. Arr. 12:20 P. M.
" R. R. Sta., 5:00 6:53
Arr. Goldsboro, 11:15 A. M. Leave 3:30 P. M.

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.
(SALEM BRANCH).
Leave Greensboro, 4:30 P. M. Arr. 12:20 P. M.
" R. R. Sta., 5:00 6:53
Arr. Goldsboro, 11:15 A. M. Leave 3:30 P. M.

MAIL TRAINS.
On Sundays Lynchburg Accommodation leave Richmond at 8:45 A. M., arrive at Burkeville at 12:45 P. M., leave Burkeville at 3:55 A. M., arrive at Richmond at 8:45 A. M. Pullman Palace Cars on all night trains between Charlotte and Richmond, without change.

For further information address:
T. M. R. TALCOTT, Engineer and Gen'l Superintendent, Greensboro, N. C.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD.
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 27, 1873.

On and after Monday, October 27th, 1873, trains on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

MAIL TRAIN.
Leave Raleigh, 9:35 A. M. Arrive at Gaston, 12:45 P. M.
Leave Gaston, 2:50 P. M. Arrive at Raleigh, 5:45 P. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.
Leave Raleigh, 4:45 P. M. Arrive at Gaston, 7:55 P. M.
Leave Gaston, 10:00 P. M. Arrive at Raleigh, 1:15 A. M.

Mail train close connection at Gaston with the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad and Bay Line Steamers via Baltimore, to and from New York, New Orleans, and New England, and with the Petersburg Railroad via Petersburg, Richmond and Washington City, to and from Philadelphia, New York, and New England.

And at Raleigh with the North Carolina Railroad to and from all points on that line, South and North, and with the Raleigh & Augusta Air-Line to Haywood and Fayetteville.

Accommodation train close connection at Gaston with the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad and Bay Line Steamers via Baltimore, to and from New York, New Orleans, and New England, and with the Petersburg Railroad via Petersburg, Richmond and Washington City, to and from Philadelphia, New York, and New England.

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INSURANCE.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Raleigh, North Carolina.

CAPITAL, \$200,000.

OFFICERS:
Hon. Kemp P. Battle, President.
P. H. Cameron, Vice President.
W. H. Hilda, Secretary.
Dr. E. B. Haywood, Medical Director.
J. W. I. Royster, Asst. Medical.
J. B. Batchelor, Attorney.
O. H. Perry, Supervising Agent.

DIRECTORS:
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200 Bushels Fresh Ground Meal for sale by A. C. SANDERS & CO., 17 20-11 No. 1 Martin street.

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—It is said to be satisfactorily demonstrated that every time a wife smiles her husband adds a wrinkle to her face. We hope this announcement will have the most salutary effect, especially as it is understood that every time a wife smiles on her husband it will help to remove one of the old wrinkles. Therefore, if a husband would encourage his wife to smile on him morning, noon, and night, he should furnish her with the ALL RIGHT COOKING STOVE.

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Warranted Axes.
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